1. Fill in the exponent of x with a number to simplify the expression.

$$\frac{x^{5/3} \cdot x^{-1} \cdot \sqrt[3]{x}}{x^{-2} \cdot x^0} = x^{-1}$$

2. The graph of the exponential function *f* is shown. Find f(-7).



3. Student A claims he can form a linear system from the equations shown that has infinitely many solutions. Student B claims she can form a linear system from the equations shown that has one solution. Student C claims he can form a linear system from the equations shown that has no solution.

$$3x + y = 12$$
 $3x + 2y = 12$ $6x + 2y = 6$ $3y + 9x = 36$ $2y - 6x = 12$ $9x - 3y = -18$

- a. Select two equations to support Student A's claim.
- b. Select two equations to support Student B's claim.
- c. Select two equations to support Student C's claim.
- Fill in the inequality with <, ≤, >, or ≥ so that the system of linear inequalities has no solution.

Inequality 1 $y - 2x \le 4$ **Inequality 2** 6x - 3y = -12

5. The second term of a sequence is 7. Each term of the sequence is 10 more than the preceding term. Fill in values to write a recursive rule and an explicit rule for the sequence.



- 6. A data set consists of the heights y (in feet) of a hot-air balloon t minutes after it begins its descent. An equation of the line of best fit is y = 870 14.8t. Which of the following is a correct interpretation of the line of best fit?
 - (A) The initial height of the hot-air balloon is 870 feet. The slope has no meaning in this context.
 - (B) The initial height of the hot-air balloon is 870 feet, and it descends 14.8 feet per minute.
 - C The initial height of the hot-air balloon is 870 feet, and it ascends 14.8 feet per minute.
 - (D) The hot-air balloon descends 14.8 feet per minute. The *y*-intercept has no meaning in this context.
- 7. Select all the functions whose *x*-value is an integer when f(x) = 10.

f(x) = 3x - 2	f(x) = -2x + 4	$f(x) = \frac{3}{2}x + 4$
f(x) = -3x + 5	$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x - 6$	f(x) = 4x + 14

8. Place each function into one of the three categories. For exponential functions, state whether the function represents *exponential growth, exponential decay*, or *neither*.

Exponential	Linear	Neither
$f(x) = -2(8)^x$	f(x) = 15 - x	$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}(3)^x$
$f(x) = 6x^2 + 9$	$f(x) = 4(1.6)^{x/10}$	f(x) = x(18 - x)
$f(x) = 3\left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^x$	f(x) = -3(4x + 1 - x)	$f(x) = \sqrt[4]{16} + 2x$

9. How does the graph shown compare to the graph of $f(x) = 2^x$?

